

DIVERSITY AND DISCRIMINATION

MODULE-2 WORKSHEET

Q1. Answer the following questions.

1. What is seen as a key value that unites us all as Indians?

Ans: Equality of all persons is seen as a key value that unites us all as Indians.

2. Write the name used by government for Dalits.

Ans: The government refers to this group of people as Scheduled Castes (SC).

3. How do you think a person who is discriminated against might feel?

Ans: A person who is discriminated against might feel insulted, humiliated and hurtful.

4. What is Mahar?

Ans: Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.

5. Who are untouchables?

Ans: The groups who were placed at the bottom of the ladder were seen as unworthy and called "untouchables".

6. Who was the first person from Dalit community to go to England for higher education?

Ans: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was the first person from Dalit community to go to England for higher education.

7. What is discrimination?

Ans: Discrimination is making a distinction in favor of or against, a person based on the group, class, or category.

8. What does the first page of our constitution states?

Ans: The first page of the Constitution clearly states that all Indians are entitled to equality of status and opportunity.

9. Who was the chairman of Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly?

Ans: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was the chairman of Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly.

10. What does the constitution say with regard to equality? Why do you think it is important for all people to be equal?

Ans: * The constitution says the following with regard to equality.

"EQUALITY of status and of opportunities;"

Everyone has equal rights and opportunities.

- It is important for all people to be equal so that all people are not discriminated against one another.

The society becomes casteless, there is no place to inequality.

Q2. Define the following terms.

- 1. Inequality:** Inequality is the term in which people are not equal in the basis of economic conditions and opportunities available to them.
- 2. Discrimination:** The process of distinguishing one person from another on the basis of caste, creed and color is called discrimination.
- 3. Untouchables:** Persons engaged in excavating and in removal of dead animals from villages are called untouchables.
- 4. Dalits:** Dalits are those persons who are broken on the basis of prejudices and discrimination.
- 5. Scheduled caste:** Government calls the dalits scheduled castes.
- 6. Mahars:** Mahars means untouchables in Bombay Presidency.

ASSIGNMENT

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

1. The upper castes acted in ways, which did not give the so-called "_____".
2. Discrimination happens when people act on their _____ or _____.
3. Samir Ek was rich while Samir Do was _____.
4. _____ is a term people belonging to lower-castes used to address themselves.
5. _____ is considered as father of Indian Constitution.

Q2. True/False

1. Dr Ambedkar had also fought for the rights of the Dalits.
2. Government jobs are open to all people.